



## Production advice ware potatoes TRADITIONAL FRESH

- Early maturity and tuberisation
- Big size tubers
- Good yield
- Good dry matter content
- Suitable to make (home) fries



### Agronomic characters

Maturity	80	Early
Dormancy	60	Medium
Yield early	94	Good
Yield mature	95	Good
Tuber size	83	Large
Tuber shape		Oval / Long oval
Number of tubers		9-11
Skin colour		Red
Flesh after cooking		Light yellow
Cooking type		B - Slightly mealy
Dry matter content/Starch		20,2% / 14,3%
UWW/Specific gravity		369 / 1,079
Internal bruising	15	Quite sensitive
Metribuzin sensitivity	65	● ● ● ● ●
Little Potato disorder	85	● ● ● ● ●



Skin and flesh colour



Cooking type



Maturity

### Plant populations

Seed size	Plant population/ha	Row distance	
		75 cm	90 cm
28/35	46.000	29	24
35/45	43.000	31	26
35/55	42.000	32	26
50/55	40.000	33	28
55/65	38.000	35	29

### Resistances

Foliage Blight	26	● ● ● ● ●
Tuber Blight	56	● ● ● ● ●
Alternaria	68	● ● ● ● ●
Common scab	42	● ● ● ● ●
Powdery scab	55	● ● ● ● ●
Spraing	84	● ● ● ● ●
PVY	14	● ● ● ● ●
Yntn tuber tolerance	99	● ● ● ● ●

#### PCN Resistance

Ro1/4 *2	● ● ● ● ●
Ro2/3 *2	● ● ● ● ●
Ro5 *2	● ● ● ● ●
Pa2 *2	● ● ● ● ●
Pa3 *2	● ● ● ● ●

#### Wart disease

F1	8	● ● ● ● ●
F2	9	● ● ● ● ●
F6	9	● ● ● ● ●
F18		● ● ● ● ●

\* HZPC own analysis/no official analysis

### Fertilizer

- Adapt fertilization to soil analysis.
- Always refer to the local and current rules about crop fertilization.
- Nitrogen (N) : Very high inputs (>250Kg N/Ha inclusive of soil supply)
- Phosphate (P) and Potassium (K) : according to standard advice.



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### Pre-treatment and planting

- Allow the seed to acclimatize to the local conditions before planting.
- Physiological aged seed / pre-sprouting results in an earlier crop.
- Avoid soils with high powdery scab risk.



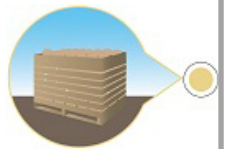
### Growing attention points

- Emergence is uniform with a good foliage development.
- The tuberisation is early.
- Use a robust Phytophthora programme, to prevent foliage blight.
- Preventive spraying against Phytophthora is advised.



### Haulm killing and harvest

- CLEOPATRA is quite early maturing, haulm killing shouldn't give any problems.
- Tubers are big size. Harvest and store with care to prevent damage and bruising.



### Storage

- Dry quickly after harvest and keep dry to help prevent silver scurf.
- CLEOPATRA has a moderate resistance to Phoma and Fusarium.
- Stable temperature during storage prevents silver scurf development.
- Avoid condensation during storage.